



$$3p + 7p + 4p = 14p$$

$$£5 + £2 + £1 = £8$$

$$24p + 7p = 31p$$

$$39p + 20p = 59p$$

$$43p + 15p = 58p$$

$$£3 + 37p = £3 \text{ and } 37p$$

$$£5 + 99p = £5 \text{ and } 99p$$

$$£10 + 55p = £10 \text{ and } 55p$$

50p, 20p, 10p and 2p are all even.

5p and 1p are odd.

Any silver coin added to 1p will give an odd answer except

$$1p + 5p = 6p \text{ (even)}.$$

Any silver coin added to 2p will give an even answer, except

$$2p + 5p = 7p \text{ (odd)}.$$

So 5p is the exception to the pattern made by the rest of the silver coins.



Children combine any two items (except for any combinations of crocodile, train and boat which would go over £100).

There are twelve possible combinations: car + monkey, car + crocodile, car + train, car + kite, car + boat, monkey + crocodile, monkey + train, monkey + kite, monkey + boat, crocodile + kite, train + kite and kite + boat.

Train and kite would cost £70.

